

A Snapshot of Emotional Well-Being in Orange County during COVID-19

Results from the OC COVID-19 Surveys









CDC COVID-19 SURVEY

Among 5,412 US adults responding to a CDC survey in late June 2020...



Reported anxiety or depressive symptoms



Seriously considered suitalate



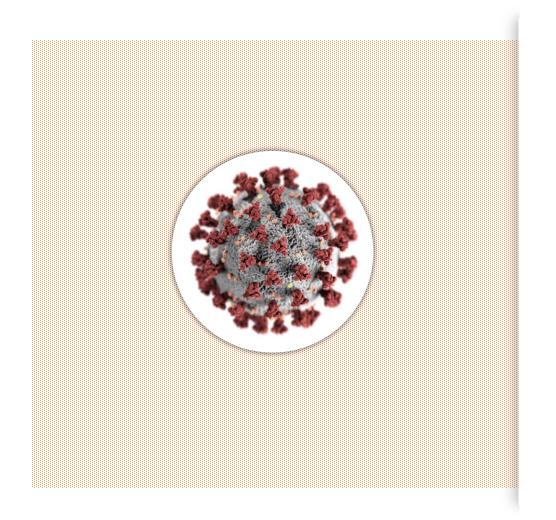
Started or increased substance use in a way not recommended by their physician

... in the 30 days preceding the survey

from: "MENTAL HEALTH, SUBSTANCE USE, AND SUICIDAL IDEATION DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC — UNITED STATES, JUNE 24–30, 2020"



OC COVID-19 SURVEYS: WHY?



Assess emotional well-being of OC residents during COVID-19 pandemic (Nov-Dec 2020)



Assist the HCA in anticipating the potential impact of the pandemic on mental health



Help improve responsiveness of county behavioral health services



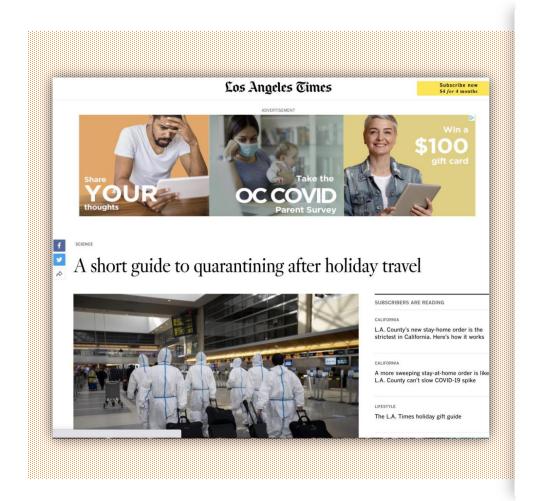








OC COVID-19 SURVEYS: WHAT?



COVID-19 Related Items: Adapted from CDC survey



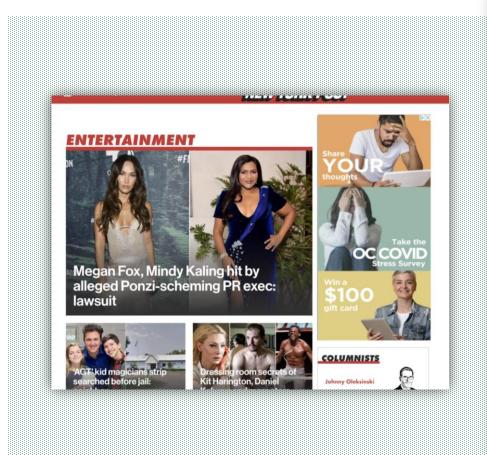
Distress Items:

Kessler-6 (adults); Pediatric Symptom Checklist-17



Checklists on: Coping Strategies, Healthcare Access, Barriers

OC COVID-19 SURVEYS: WHO?



Any Orange County adult ages 18 + years old or adult parent of a child ages 4-17 years



If 1+ child in household, parent asked to report on child "most affected" by COVID



Fluent in Arabic, English, Farsi, Khmer, Korean, Mandarin Chinese, Spanish, Vietnamese





OC COVID-19 SURVEYS: HOW?



Countywide digital media marketing campaign, ads on internet and social media



Anonymous, multiple choice, *no text/fill-in responses*



Opportunity to win \$100 Amazon gift card



RESPONSE RATES

8,594 86%
Started % Completed
Adults

2,191 65%
Started % Completed
Parents











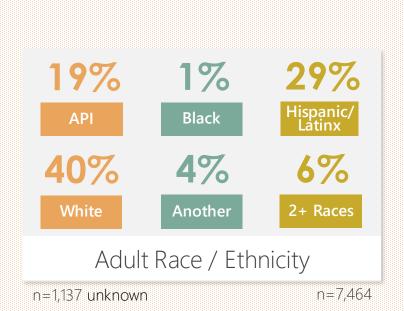


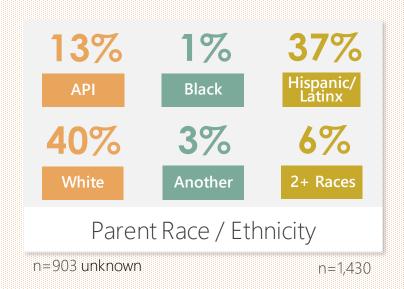
18-25 years	23%
26-44 years	53%
45-59 years	17%
60+ years	7%
Age of Adult	
n=1,110 unknown	n=7,491

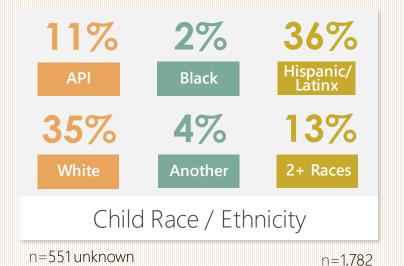
35% One	41% Two	24% Three+
# Children	in Parent's l	Household
n=268 unknown		n=2,056

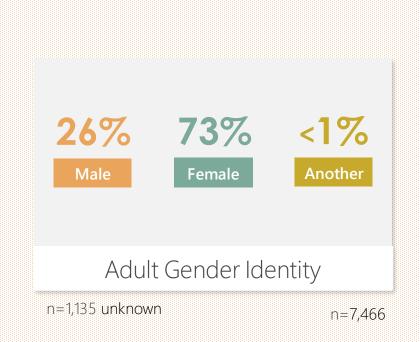
4-6 years	32%
7-9 years	21%
10-12 years	17%
13-17 years	31%
Age of Child Include	d in Survey
n=570 unknown	n=1.763

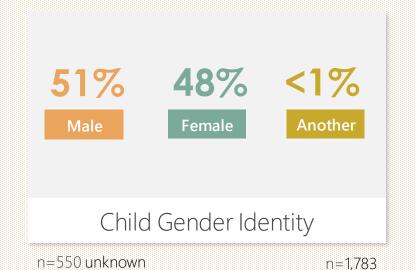








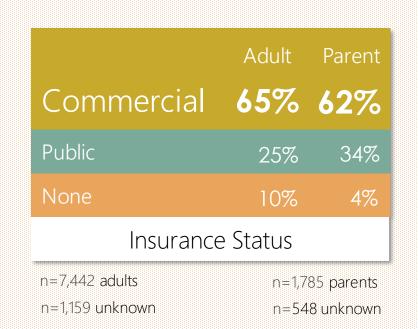




	Adult	Parent			
Employed	70%	70%			
Unemployed	26%	29%			
Retired	4%	<1%			
Employment Status					
n=7,457 adults	n=1,4.	25 parents			

n=908 unknown

	Adult	
38%	35%	26%
North	Central	South
29%	32% Parent	39%
Со	unty Regio	on
n=7,408 adults		n=1,415 parents
n=1,193 unknown		n=918 unknown





n=1,144 unknown

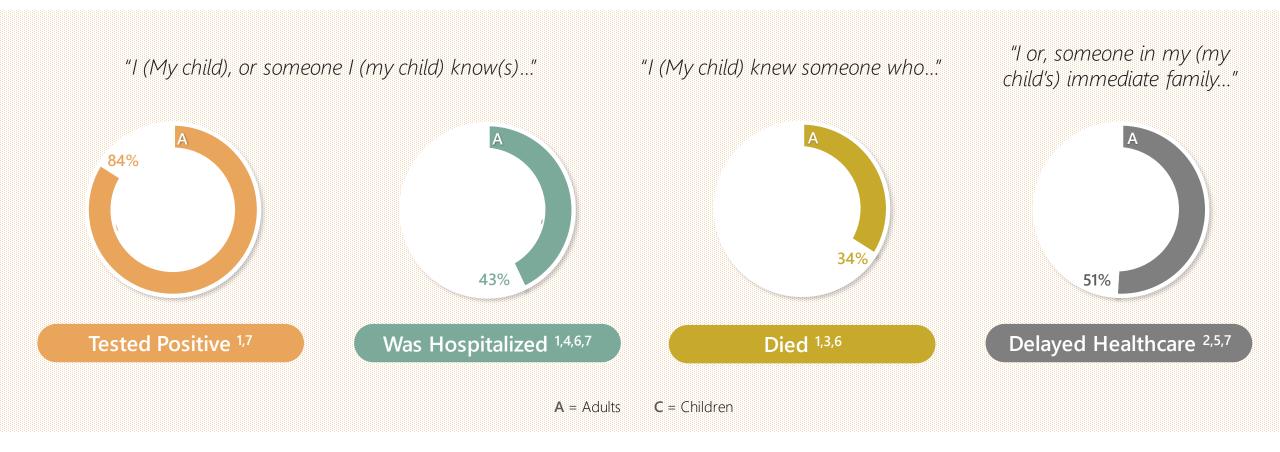








EXPERIENCES WITH COVID-19



¹ Hispanic Adults, Children > Those from other racial/ethnic backgrounds



² White Adults, Children > Those from other racial/ethnic backgrounds

³ Adults w/ Public Insurance > No or Commercial Insurance

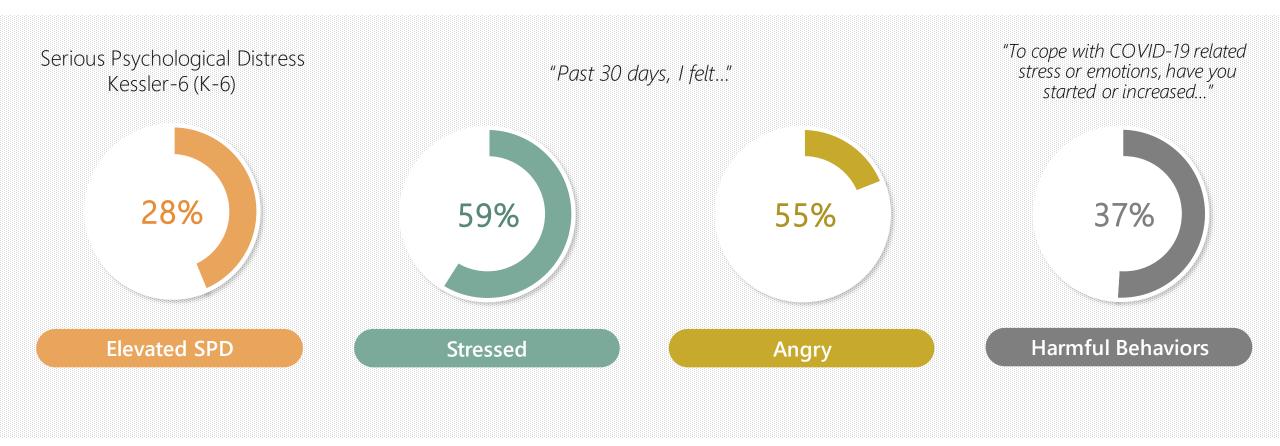
⁴ Children w/ Public Insurance > No or Commercial Insurance

⁵ Adults in South County > Adults in North, Central County

⁶ Children in North County > Children in Central, South County

⁷ Parents of 13-17 year olds > Parents of younger children

ADULTS' DISTRESS & EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING

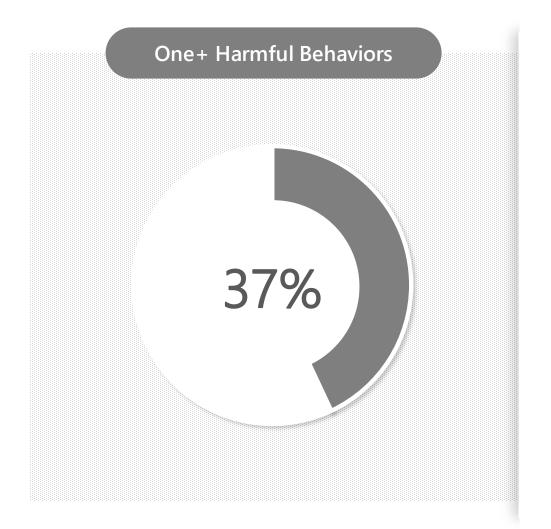


Each measure converted into a dichotomous variable:

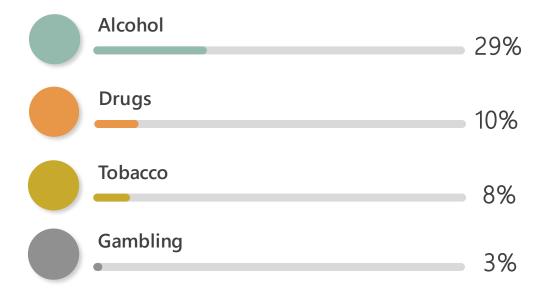
- Kessler-6 total score converted into Serious Psychological Distress (SPD) elevated or not elevated, n = 7,324
- Stressed item rated using same scale as K-6 high (most, all) low (none, a little, some), n = 7,461
- Angry item rated using same scale as K-6 high (some, most, all) low (none, a little), n = 7,438
- Harmful Behaviors started or increased use of one or more included behaviors, n = 7,533 (see next slide for details)



ADULTS' ONSET / INCREASE IN HARMFUL BEHAVIOR



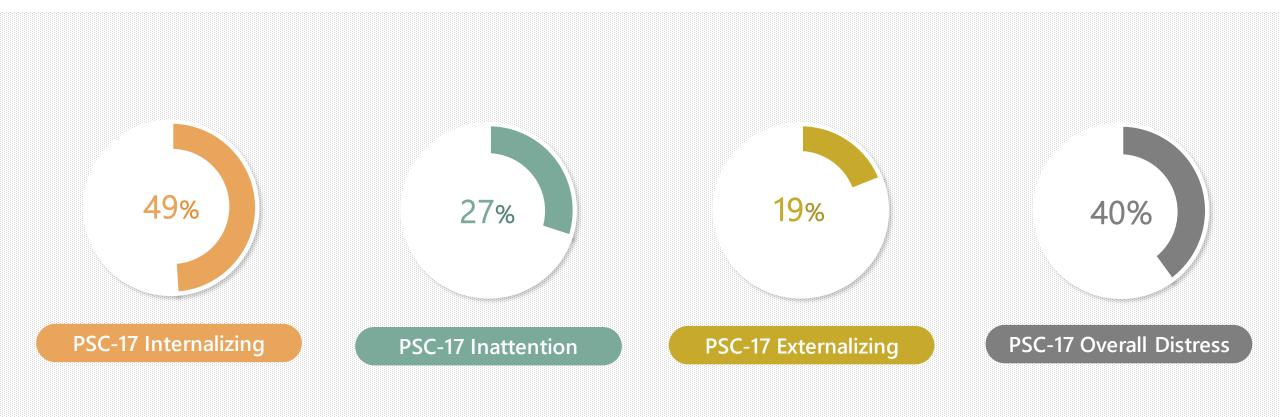
"To cope with COVID-19 related stress or emotions, have you started or increased..."



% Reporting 2 or more: 4%



CHILDREN'S DISTRESS & EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING





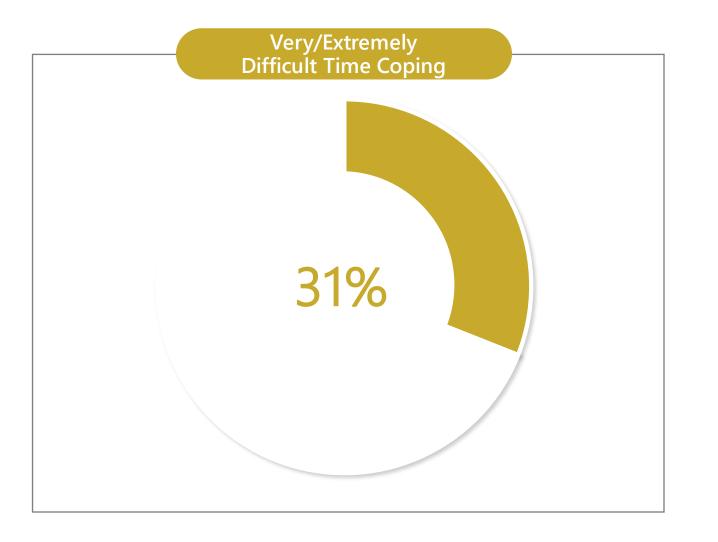




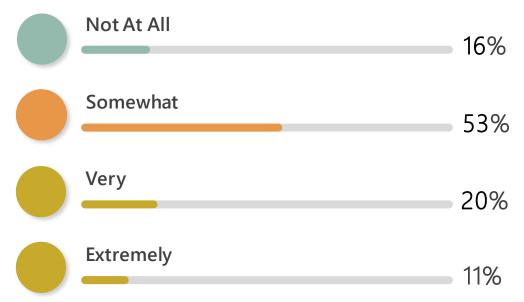




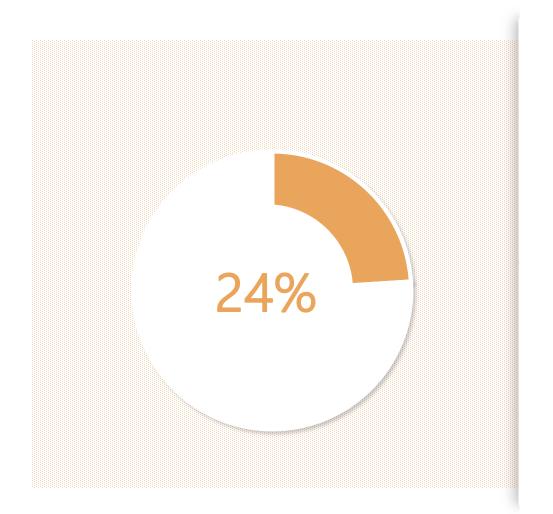
ADULTS' COPING WITH STRESS & EMOTIONS



"How difficult have these feelings made it for you to do your work, take care of things at home, or get along with other people?"



ADULTS SEEKING PROFESSIONAL HEALTHCARE



Adults experiencing elevated distress were more likely to seek professional help

% ELEVATED, BY DISTRESS INDICATOR

K6 SPD: Stress: Anger: Harmful Behaviors: 44% 26% 24% 47%

Help-seeking differed by age and insurance status, and was less influenced by gender or race/ethnicity

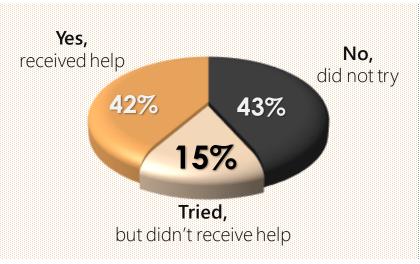


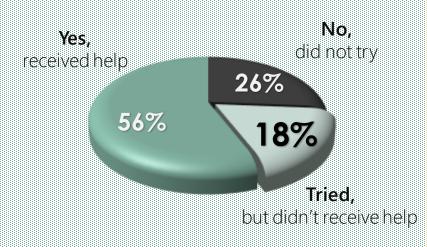
ADULTS SEEKING PROFESSIONAL HEALTHCARE

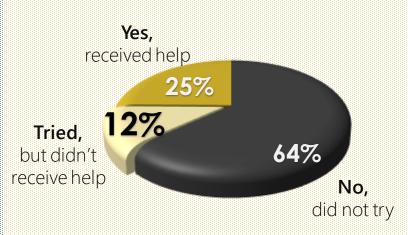
Primary Care Physician

Therapist

Psychiatrist

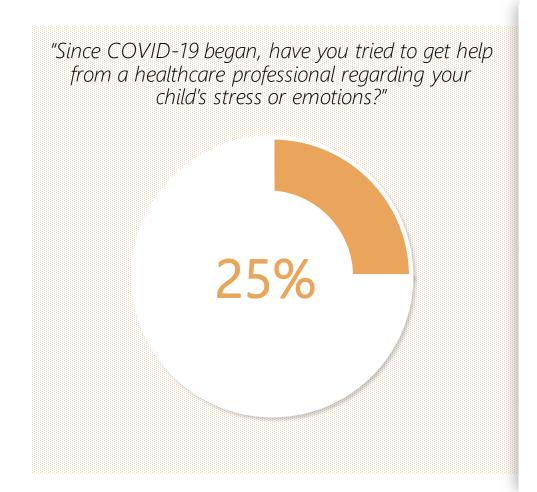








FAMILIES SEEKING PROFESSIONAL HEALTHCARE



Children experiencing some type of distress (or their parent) were more likely to seek professional help

% ELEVATED, BY PSC-17 INDICATOR

Internalizing: Inattention: 70% 39%

Externalizing: 38%

Total: 84%

Help-seeking differed by age and insurance status, and was less influenced by gender or race/ethnicity

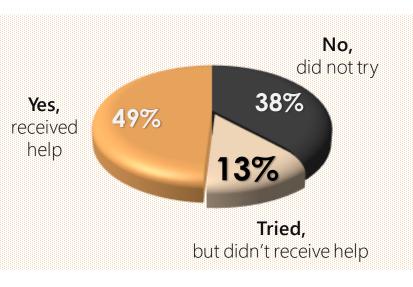


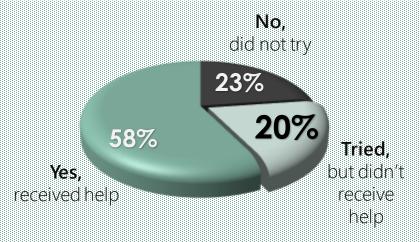
FAMILIES SEEKING PROFESSIONAL HEALTHCARE

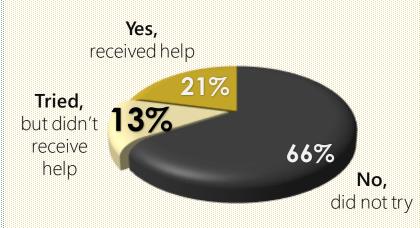
Pediatrician

Therapist

Psychiatrist







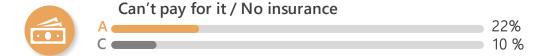
BARRIERS TO PROFESSIONAL HEALTHCARE



List of Potential Barriers

- Prefer face-to-face
- No childcare
- No insurance/can't afford
- Inconvenient/delayed appt times
- Don't know who to call
- People think something wrong w/ us
- No transportation
- Problems w/ accessing telehealth
- Provider doesn't speak child's language
- Other

MOST COMMON BARRIERS ENCOUNTERED

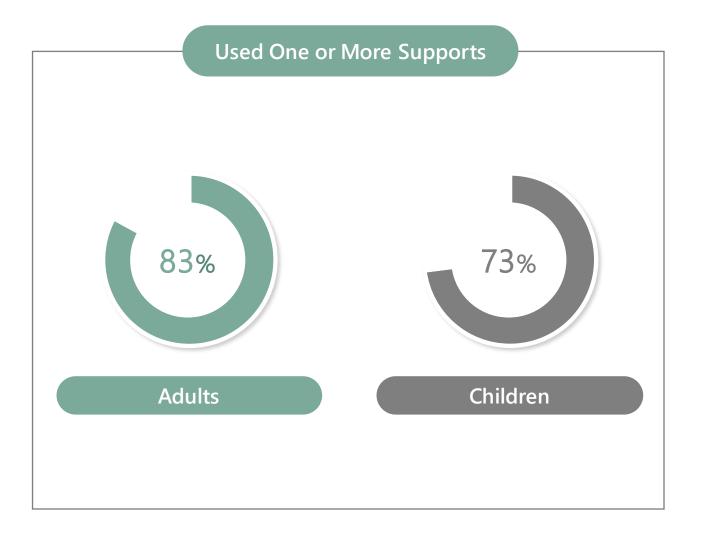


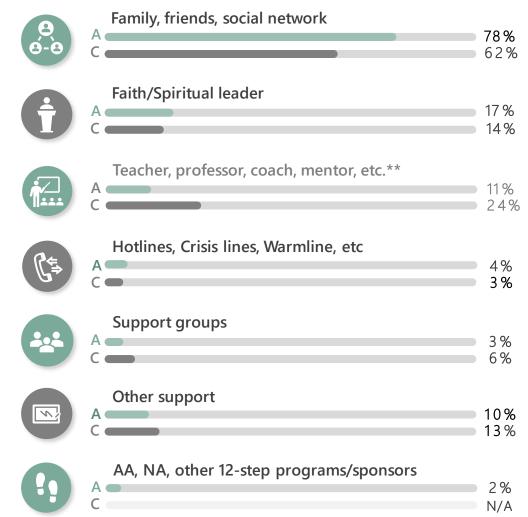






USE OF INFORMAL SUPPORTS DURING COVID-19





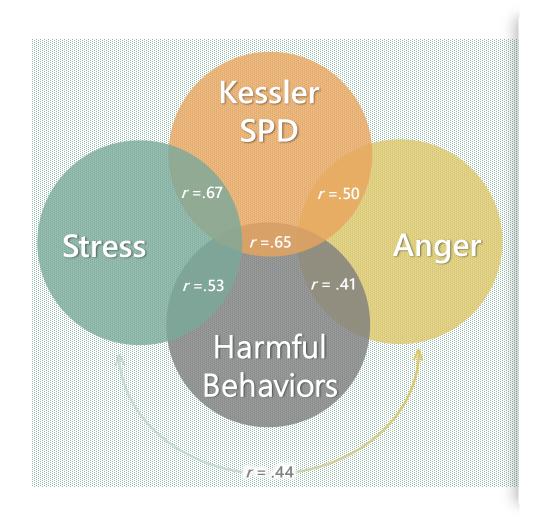






Their "Journey"

OVERLAP BETWEEN ADULT DISTRESS INDICATORS



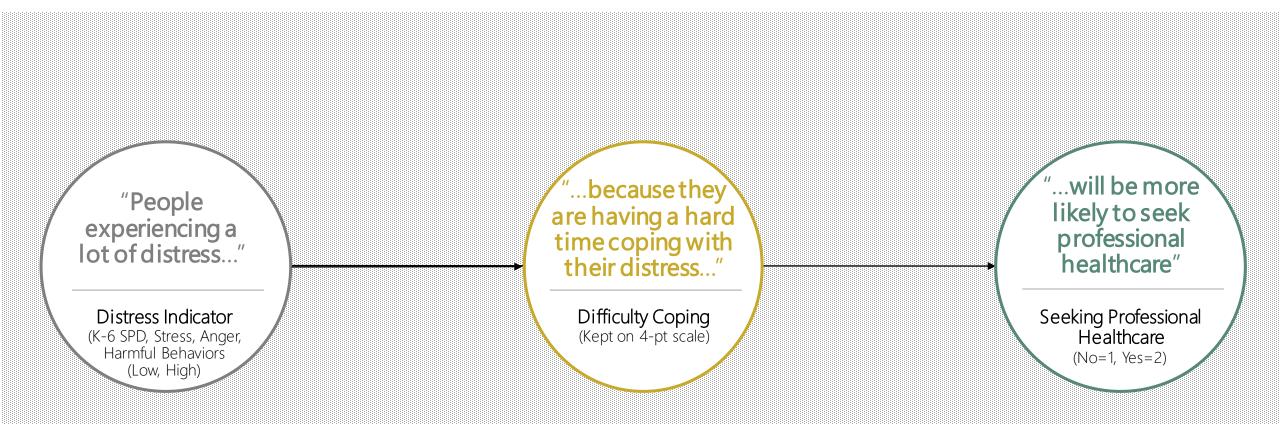
If a person scored "high" on one distress item, they were likely to score "high" on another item

The strongest relationships were between Kessler SPD and Stress, and SPD and Harmful Behaviors

While the measures appear to be inter-related, they do not appear to be inter*changeable*

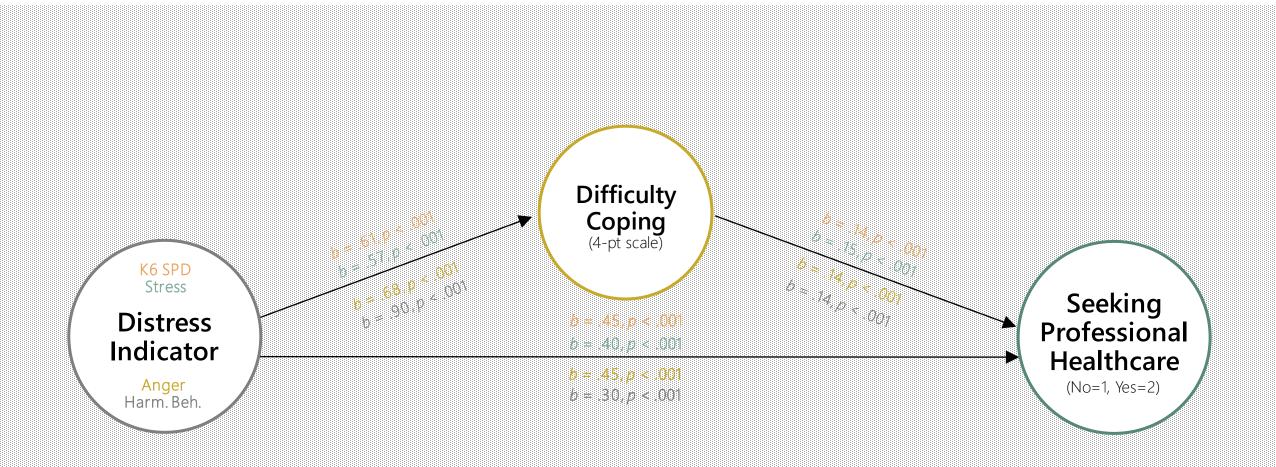


THEORETICAL MODEL

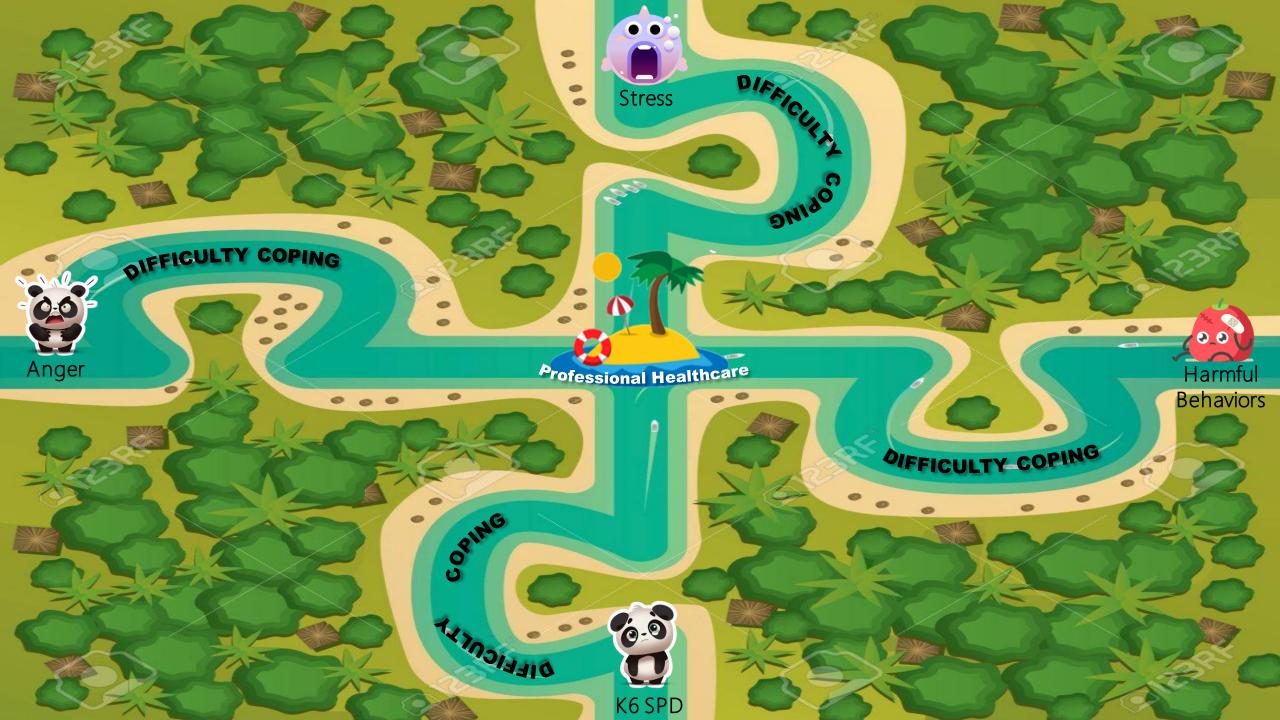




MODEL 1













Next Steps

NEXT STEPS



Include survey results in the MHSA Annual Plan Update

Further develop the model to include population details, including:

- Use of informal support (separate the components of the variable, include consideration of the timing in which informal support is received)
- Add socioeconomic status (based on OC At a Glance to better build upper / lower bound)

Continue to explore the following questions:

- How can we better understand the heightened rate of stress, anger, distress, barriers, and substance use?
- Can it be attributed to COVID illness, or more of the biopsychosocial and economic ramifications of the pandemic?
- Will a better understanding of external / internal sources of stress and anxiety help program development?
- What will this look like in the context of the "new normal"?











THANK YOU



OC COVID-19 Resources



OC MHSA Office

Appendix



RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISTRESS & SUPPORT ITEMS

Correlations (Spearman's rh	10)	Vacalar (V.C)	Ctuogood	A 12 C1 11 1	Coning	Informal Cupport	Duefessional Halm
	_	Kessler (K-6)	Stressed	Angry	Coping	Informal Support	Professional Help
Kessler (K-6)	Correlation Coefficient	1.000	.672**	.503**	.646**	099**	.239**
	Sig. (2-tailed)		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	N	7611	7609	7595	7548	7465	7465
Stressed	Correlation Coefficient		1.000	.435**	.529**	097**	.194**
	Sig. (2-tailed)			0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	N		7745	7722	7681	7597	7597
Angry	Correlation Coefficient			1.000	.406**	046**	.110**
	Sig. (2-tailed)				0.000	0.000	0.000
	N			7724	7660	7576	7576
Coping	Correlation Coefficient				1.000	- .068 **	.214**
	Sig. (2-tailed)					0.000	0.000
	N				7688	7603	7603
Informal Support	Correlation Coefficient					1.000	176 **
	Sig. (2-tailed)						0.000
	N					7603	7603
Professional Help	Correlation Coefficient						1.000
**. Correlation is significant a	Sig. (2-tailed) N						7603



DIFFICULTY COPING BY DISTRESS GROUPS



Kruskal Wallis ANOVA	df	Н	η2	p	
K-6	1	364.35	.10	< .001	
Stress	1	334.03	.10	< .001	epsilon-squared Small effect 0.01 to < 0.08
Anger	1	364.35	.10	< .001	Medium effect $0.08 \text{ to} < 0.26$
Harmful Behaviors	1	493.38	.10	< .001	Large effect ≥ 0.26







LIKELIHOOD OF SEEKING HEALTHCARE BY DISTRESS



Kruskal Wallis ANOVA	<u>df</u>	<u>H</u>	η2	p	
K-6	1	224.08	.04	< .001	
Stress	1	177.60	.03	< .001	epsilon-squared Small effect 0.01 to < 0.08
Anger	1	224.08	.04	< .001	Medium effect $0.08 \text{ to} < 0.26$
Harmful Behaviors	1	91.00	.01	< .001	Large effect ≥ 0.26

